It is the policy of Piedmont Technical College to provide a drug free, healthful, safe and secure work and educational environment. Employees and students are required and expected to report to their work, class, or student activities in appropriate mental and physical condition to meet the requirements and expectations of their respective roles.

Piedmont Technical College prohibits the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensation, possession or use of narcotics, drugs, other controlled substances and the use of alcohol at the workplace and in the educational setting. Unlawful for these purposes means in violation of federal/state/local regulations, policy, procedures, rules, as well as legal statutes. For purposes of this policy, workplace means either on agency premises or while conducting agency or college business away from the agency or college premises. Educational setting includes both institutional premises or in approved educational sites off campus.

In order to prevent the consequences of alcohol and other drug abuse at the workplace and in the educational setting, Piedmont Technical College has implemented this policy to ensure a drug-free work and educational environment.

Piedmont Technical College recognizes that chemical dependency through use of controlled or uncontrolled substances, including alcohol, is a treatable illness. The college supports and recommends employee and student rehabilitation and assistance programs and encourages employees and students to use such programs.

All locations will also implement drug-free awareness programs for employees and students. Such programs will annually ensure that employees and students are aware that:

1. Alcohol and other drug abuse at the workplace and in the educational setting is dangerous because it leads to physical impairment, loss of judgment, safety violations and the risk of injury, poor health, or even death. Health risks and effects of controlled substances and alcohol will be provided to students and employees.

2. Alcohol and other drug abuse can also significantly lower performance on the job and in the classroom, thus impacting on the agency and the college mission, as well as seriously affect the student’s educational and career goals.

3. Employees must report any personal conviction under a criminal drug statute, for conduct at the workplace, to their human resource officer within five days. Management must report to granting agencies, any employee conviction for conduct in the work place within ten days of receiving notice.

4. It is a condition of employment and admission that all employees and students must abide by the policy on alcohol and other drug use as well as related procedures/statements/laws/guidelines. Violation of any provisions may result in disciplinary action up to and including termination or expulsion respectively, and may have further legal consequences consistent with federal and state laws and regulations. Additionally, management may require an employee or student to enter an employee/student assistance or drug rehabilitation program as a condition of continued employment or enrollment.

5. Use of employee assistance programs (EAP), student assistance programs (SAP), or drug/alcohol rehabilitation services is encouraged.

Ray Brook
President, Piedmont Technical College
July 14, 2015
ALCOHOL - EFFECTS & HEALTH RISKS

Alcohol consumption causes a number of marked changes in behavior. Even low doses significantly impair the judgement and coordination required to drive a car safely, increasing the likelihood that the driver will be involved in an accident. Low to moderate doses of alcohol also increase the incidence of a variety of aggressive acts, including spouse and child abuse. Moderate to high doses of alcohol cause marked impairments in higher mental functions, severely altering a person's ability to learn and remember information. Very high doses cause respiratory depression and death. If combined with other depressants (see chart below) of the central nervous system, much lower doses of alcohol will produce the effects just described.

Repeate use of alcohol can lead to dependence. Sudden cessation of alcohol intake is likely to produce withdrawal symptoms, including severe anxiety, tremors, hallucinations, and convulsions. Alcohol withdrawal can be life-threatening. Long-term consumption of large quantities of alcohol, particularly when combined with poor nutrition, can also lead to permanent damage to vital organs such as the brain and the liver.

Mothers who drink alcohol during pregnancy may give birth to infants with fetal alcohol syndrome. These infants have irreversible physical abnormalities and mental retardation. In addition, research indicates that children of alcoholic parents are at greater risk than other youngsters of becoming alcoholics.
PURCHASE/POSESSION BY A MINOR/MISREPRESENTING AGE
It is against the law to drink or possess any form of alcoholic beverage if you are under the age of 21. It is also against the law to lie or furnish false information concerning age in order to obtain any form of alcoholic beverage.
Penalty - Fine up to $200 or confinement up to 30 days, and mandatory driver’s license suspension for 90 days - 6 months.
(Code 20-7-370/380, 61-9-50)

TRANSFERENCE OF BEER OR WINE
It is against the law to give or transfer beer or wine to anyone under the age of 21. This includes serving anyone in your home except your child or spouse.
Penalty - Fine up to $200 or confinement up to 30 days.
(Code 61-13-287)

CONTRIBUTING TO THE DELINQUENCY OF A MINOR
It is against the law for any person over 18 to knowingly and willfully influence a minor to violate any law or municipal ordinance.
Penalty - Fine up to $3,000 and/or confinement up to three years.
(Code 18-17-490)

POSSESSION OF BEER, WINE, OR LIQUOR
It is against the law to possess beer, wine, or liquor if you are under the age of 21. This includes opened or unopened containers of alcoholic beverage in actual possession or in your immediate surroundings.
Penalty - Fine up to $100 or confinement up to 30 days and mandatory driver’s license suspension of 90 days - 6 months.
(Code 61-9-87, 20-7-370/380)

SALE TO PERSON UNDER AGE
It is against the law to sell beer, ale, or wine to anyone under 21 years old.
Penalty - Fine up to $200 or confinement up to 60 days.
(Code 61-9-40)

DISORDERLY CONDUCT
Students found on any public highway or in any public place who are intoxicated or disorderly may be charged with disorderly conduct.
Penalty - Fine up to $100 or confinement up to 30 days.
(Code 16-17-530)

ALTERING AND FRAUDULENT USE OF LICENSE
It is against the law to lend, issue, sell or use your license or anyone’s license or a fictitious license (fake ID) for an unlawful purpose.
Penalty - First offense fine up to $200 and or confinement up to 30 days, and mandatory driver’s license suspension for 90 days - 6 months.
(Code 56-1-510/515, 61-9-50)

DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE (DUI)
It is unlawful for persons under the influence of alcohol or other drugs to drive.
Penalty - Not less than $200 fine; imprisonment up to 5 years; driver license suspension 6 months - permanent.
(Code 56-1-1330/56-5-2930/2940/2990)

FELONY DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE
If you cause bodily harm or death to someone while under the influence of alcohol, drugs or any combination, you are guilty of a felony DUI.
Penalty - for bodily harm, a mandatory fine up to $10,000 and mandatory confinement up to 10 years. For death, mandatory fine up to $25,000 and mandatory confinement up to 25 years.
(Code 56-5-2945)

CONSENT FOR TESTING
Anyone who drives on South Carolina highways automatically has given consent to a breathalyzer test if arrested. If you refuse to submit to a urine or blood test your driver’s license will be suspended. There is no law that states that you have to be given a driver’s license, provisional or temporary.
(Code 56-1-1330, 56-5-2930/2940/2990/2990)

OTHER DRUGS

POSSESSION AND DISTRIBUTION OF DRUGS
It is illegal to have, to make, or to intend to distribute any controlled substance, i.e., cocaine, crack, marijuana, etc.
Penalty - Varies depending upon the circumstances under which the arrest was made and the amount of drugs. Fines up to $200,000, confinement up to 30 years, and mandatory driver’s license suspension for 6 months - 1 year.
(Code 44-53-370)

DISTRIBUTION OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE CLOSE TO A SCHOOL
It is against the law and a separate offense to distribute, sell, make or have a controlled substance within a “specified” distance of schools, technical colleges, and/or colleges/universities.
Penalty - Fine up to $10,000, and/or confinement up to 10 years.
(Code 44-53-445)

POSSESSION OR SALE OF DRUG PARAPHERNALIA
It is illegal to possess drug paraphernalia; paraphernalia includes, but is not limited to, such things as:
- “Roach clips” - Clips used by dentists to clip bibs around the necks of patients.
- “Bong” - Pipe that may or may not use water.
- “Carburetor” - Circulating tube with holes at each end. Tube may be made out of glass or metal.
Penalty - Fine up to $500
(Code 44-53-391)
Local Information

For information regarding a drug or alcohol prevention program near you, contact one of the following organizations:

Abbeville Cornerstone (864) 366-9661
Edgefield Cornerstone (803) 637-9336
Greenwood Cornerstone (864) 227-1001
Laurens Gateway Counseling Center (864) 833-6500
McCormick Cornerstone (864) 852-3306
Newberry Westview Behavioral Health Services (803) 276-5690
Saluda Saluda Behavioral Health System (864) 445-2968

Federal Illegal Possession Penalties

Controlled Substances

First conviction: Up to 1 year imprisonment and fined at least $1,000, but not more than $100,000, or both. After 1 prior drug conviction: At least 15 days in prison, not to exceed 2 years and fined at least $2,500 but not more than $250,000, or both. After 2 or more prior drug convictions: At least 90 days in prison, not to exceed 3 years and fined at least $5,000 but not more than $250,000, or both. There are special sentencing provisions for possession of crack cocaine: mandatory at least 5 years in prison, not to exceed 20 years and fined up to $250,000, or both, depending on amount of crack possessed and number of convictions.

In addition, there is forfeiture of personal and real property used to possess, facilitate, transport, or conceal possession of controlled substances. There are also civil fines of up to $10,000 and denial of Federal benefits, such as student loans, grants, contracts, and professional and commercial licenses, up to 1 year for first offense, up to 5 years for second and subsequent offenses.


Federal Trafficking Penalties (Examples)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Minimum</th>
<th>Maximum</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>1st Offense</strong></td>
<td><strong>2nd Offense</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Marijuana NMT 5 Yrs &amp; NMT $250,000</td>
<td>NMT 10 Yrs &amp; NMT $500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hashish NMT 5 Yrs &amp; NMT $250,000</td>
<td>NMT 10 Yrs &amp; NMT $500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hashish Oil NMT 5 Yrs &amp; NMT $250,000</td>
<td>NMT 10 Yrs &amp; NMT $500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amphetamines NLT 5 Yrs</td>
<td>NLT 10 Yrs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heroin NMT 40 Yrs &amp; NMT $2,000,000</td>
<td>NLT 10 Yrs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cocaine NLT 10 Yrs</td>
<td>NLT 10 Yrs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PCP (if death/serious injury NLT)</td>
<td>NLT 10 Yrs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LSD (if death/serious injury NLT)</td>
<td>NLT 10 Yrs</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cocaine Base (20 years)</td>
<td>NLT 10 Yrs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fentanyl NLT 10 Yrs</td>
<td>NLT 10 Yrs</td>
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</tbody>
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NOTE: NMT - Not More Than NLT - Not Less Than

An EEO/Affirmative Action System (MF/H)

Our locations are committed to equal opportunity and affirmative action and do not discriminate on the basis of race, sex, color, religion, national or ethnic origin, handicap, or age in admissions or employment policies, programs, activities or practices.